Relevant Excerpts from South Shuswap Zoning Bylaw No. 701

(See Bylaw No. 701 for all policies)

Section 15: LH -Large Holding Zone

Permitted Uses

15.1 The following uses and no others are permitted in LH zone:

- .1 single family dwelling;
- .2 agriculture;
- .3 bed and breakfast;
- .4 cottage, permitted only if there is less than two (2) single family dwellings on the property;
- .5 home business;
- .6 home industry, permitted only on parcels greater than 2 ha;
- .7 portable sawmill, permitted only on parcels greater than 10 ha and subject to the provisions of Section 3.14;
- .8 public utility;
- .9 building set apart for public worship;
- .10 public recreation facility;
- .11 public camping;
- .12 storage;
- .13 accessory use.

Regulations

15.2 On a parcel zoned LH, no building or structure shall be constructed, located or altered and no plan of subdivision approved which contravenes the regulations established in the table below in which Column I sets out the matter to be regulated and Column II sets out the regulations.

COLUMN I MATTER TO BE REGULATED	COLUMN II REGULATIONS
.1 Maximum Number of Single Family Dwellings	2
 .2 Maximum Number of Cottages .3 Maximum height for: Principal buildings and structures Accessory buildings 	1 • 11.5 m (37.73 ft.) • 10 m (32.81 ft.)
.4 Minimum Parcel Size for New Subdivisions	8 ha

 .5 Minimum Setback from: front parcel line exterior side parcel line interior side parcel line rear parcel line 	 5 m 4.5 m 2 m 5 m
Minimum Setback of Home Industry	y
from All Parcel Lines	5 m
.7 Minimum Setback of Portable Sawmill from All Parcel Lines	
.8 Maximum Site Area of Portal	ole
Sawmill	1 ha

Section 1: Definitions

ACCESSORY BUILDING means a building or structure that is subordinate and supplementary to the principal building or use permitted on the same parcel such as a garage, carport or storage shed.

ACCESSORY USE means a use that is subordinate and supplementary to the principal building or use permitted on the same parcel.

BUILDING means any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.

PARCEL LINE, FRONT means the parcel line that is the shortest parcel boundary common to the lot and an abutting *highway* or access route in a bare land strata plan, and where and in the case of a *panhandle lot* means the line separating the *panhandle driveway* from the main part of the lot.

PARCEL LINE, REAR means the boundary of a parcel which lies the most opposite to and is not connected to the front parcel line, or, where the rear portion of the parcel is bounded by intersecting side parcel lines, it shall be the point of such intersection.

PARCEL LINE, SIDE means a parcel line other than a front parcel line or a rear parcel line.

SETBACK means the required minimum distance between a structure, building or use and each of the respective property lines.

Section 3: General Regulations

Setback Exceptions

- **3.5** No building or structure other than the following shall be located in the area of setback required in this Bylaw:
 - .1 steps, provided they are not closer than 1m from any side parcel line;
 - .2 signs, provided they are not closer than 1m from any parcel lines;
 - .3 uncovered patios or terraces, provided they are not closer than 2 m from any parcel line;

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- .4 arbors, trellises, fishponds, ornaments, flag poles, or similar landscaping, provided they are not closer than 1m from any side parcel line;
- .5 hot tubs and uncovered swimming pools provided they are not located between the principal building and the front parcel line or closer than 2 m from any other parcel line:
- .6 fences, in compliance with the regulations set out in Section 3, General Regulations, subsection 3.7 Sight Triangles;
- .7 landscape screens;
- .8 eaves and gutters, provided they are not closer than 1 m from any parcel line.
- .9 landscape retaining structures, provided that such structures must be separated from each other by a minimum 1.5 m distance measured horizontally from the face (or from the toe of the upper wall to the top face of the lower wall, if the landscape retaining structures are not vertical) of each landscape retaining structure and specifically excludes landscape retaining structures proposed to be constructed adjacent to a Section 42 road, as defined in the Transportation Act, or in the sight triangle. Landscape retaining structures proposed to be located adjacent to a Highway must comply with Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure regulations and may require the approval of that Ministry.

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